

**Unit 2 Test- Georgia's Colonization  
Study Guide**

**Know the following and use the space provided to write notes for each question or prompt:**

Who first proposed a colony in the New World to help England's debtors have a new start in life?

**Dr. Thomas Bray**

Which Spanish explorer traveled through Georgia searching for gold?

**Hernando DeSoto**

Which group of people couldn't become colonists in Georgia according to its charter?

**Blacks, Liquor Dealers, Catholics, and Lawyers**

Which group of Indians lived in the area where Oglethorpe led his Georgia colonists?

**The Yamacraw**

Which famous ship transported Oglethorpe and Georgia's first colonists from England to the new land?

**The *Ann***

Which group of settlers settled Ebenezer and New Ebenezer?

**German Salzburgers**

What were the major sources of discontent with Georgia's early colonists?

**Ban on slavery, restrictions on rum and alcohol, and restrictions on land inheritances**

Why was South Carolina so please to have Georgia become Great Britain's thirteenth colony?

**Georgia became a buffer colony to protect South Carolina from invaders from the south.**

What was the first fort built by the British in Georgia?

**Fort King George**

How long was Georgia a charter colony?

**Twenty-one years**

Define mercantilism.

**A British trade policy where a country exports more goods than it imports**

Explain the primary motives for European exploration in the New World.

**Gold, God, Glory- Look for gold and riches, spread religion, and glory of new land wealth**

Explain why Fort King George was established.

**Fort King George was established as a buffer colony for South Carolina to guard against the Spanish in Florida.**

Review the map in the book regarding Hernando de Soto's expedition across the south on page 108.

Know the following people and why they were important using your notes and textbook:

- a) John Martin Bolzius- **Leader of Salzburger who settled in Ebenezer**
- b) William Stephens- **first president of the Georgia Colony during the transition from Charter/Trustee Colony to Royal Colony**
- c) Mary Musgrove- **Owned a trading post with her husband, John, and was the interpreter for the British and the Yamacraw**
- d) Dr. Samuel Nunis- **A Jewish doctor who saved the colony from diseases.**
- e) Chief Tomochichi- **Leader of the Yamacraw Indians**
- f) John Wesley- **Co-Founder of the Methodist Church**
- g) Robert Castell- **Oglethorpe's friend who was an architect. Died in a debtors prison**
- h) Robert Jenkins- **A British soldier who is said to have lost an ear and spurred the "War of Jenkin's Ear"**
- i) Hernando de Soto- **Spanish explorer who traveled around Georgia looking for gold**
- j) Dr. Thomas Bray- **first to propose a debtors colony**
- k) John Reynolds- **First Royal Governor of Georgia**

Be able to explain why each of the four groups was excluded from settling in Georgia as a colonist (blacks, lawyers, liquor dealers, and Catholics).

**No liquor dealers because the trustees said it would hurt the settlers' work productivity.**

**No blacks because the trustees did not want slavery in the colony.**

**No lawyers because the trustees wanted the colonists to be independent men who would be able to settle their differences among themselves outside of court.**

**No Catholics, or Papists, because of the conflict between the Church of England and the Catholic Church.**

Know the three major motives for European exploration.

**The nations who explored in the New World sought gold and riches, exotic foods and spices. They also believed that the nation that claimed the new land would be the most powerful. They wanted to expand the economic system of mercantilism.**

Know three reasons for the founding of the colony of Georgia.

**First, Georgia would be a defensive buffer to defend against the Spanish. Second, the colony would produce items that Great Britain had to import from other countries and provide raw materials to Great Britain. Third, the colony would offer religious freedom. Fourth, the colony would add land and power to Great Britain to make it more powerful. Finally, Georgia was supposed to provide a safe place for debtors and former prisoners.**

Be able to explain three of the restrictions placed on Georgia's colonists by Oglethorpe, or by its charter from King George.

**All colonists had to defend the colony. Land could not be sold and could not be used to borrow money. Land could only be inherited by a male heir. Each colonist had to use the tools and seeds given to them to farm. A portion of the land had to be used to grow mulberry trees. Each colonist had to obey the rules and regulations. Oglethorpe later placed rules of not allowing colonists to buy rum or use it to trade with the Indians. Slavery was not allowed. Trade between the colonists and the Indians was to be closely watched.**