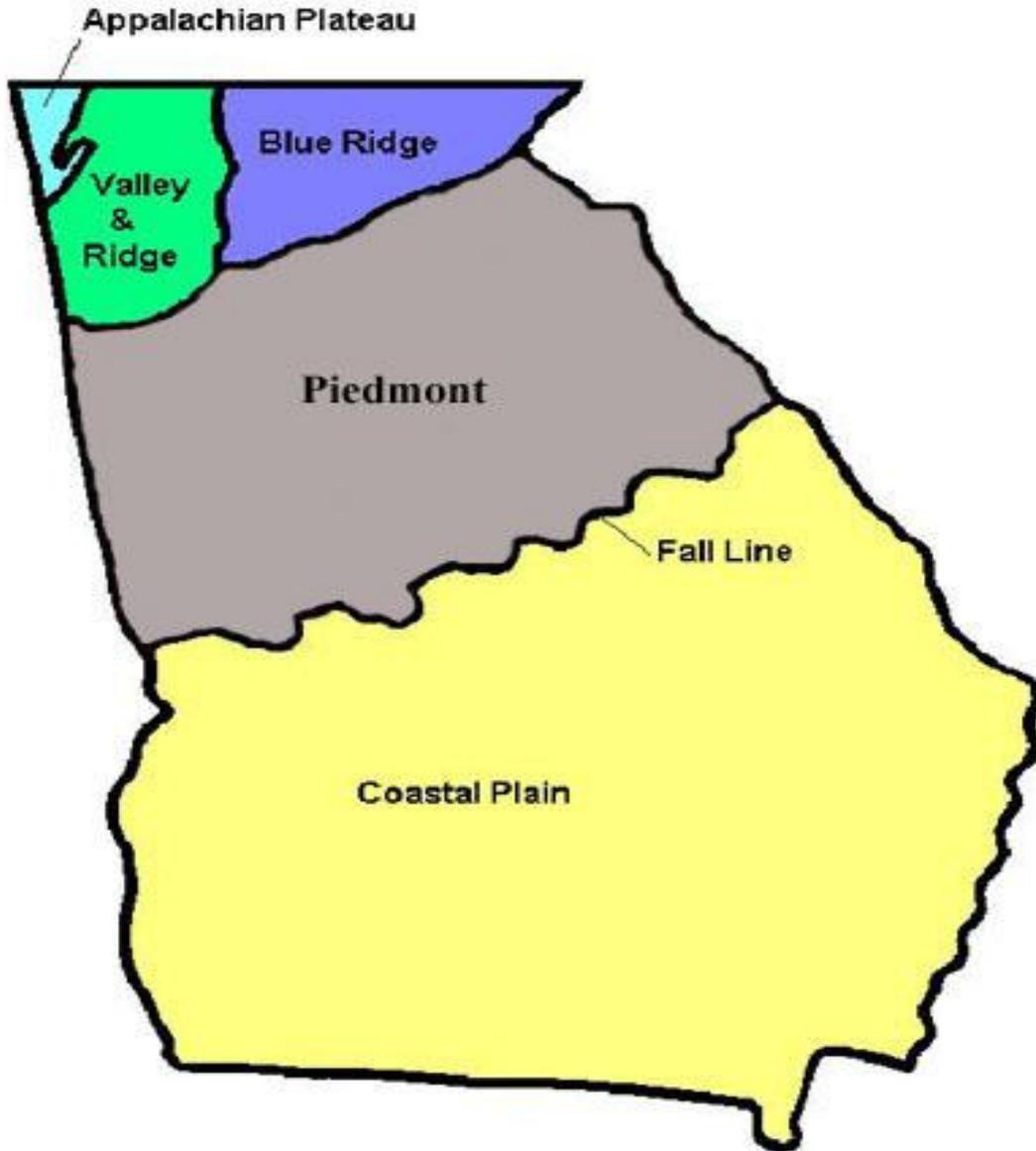


THE 5 PHYSIOGRAPHIC REGIONS OF GEORGIA



Appalachian Plateau aka: Cumberland Plateau/ TAG

- Climate- **humid continental**, which means hot summers, cold winters
- Population-Our **smallest region of land** and the smallest population.
- Industry – our only significant **coal** industry
- Geographic features- **a valley surrounded by Lookout Mountain and Sand Mountain**

Appalachian Plateau corner

Tourist attractions-

- **Cloudland Canyon, Chickmaugua Battlefield.**

Major Cities and Towns – La Fayette, Trenton, Fort Oglethorpe



Appalachian Plateau

Blue Ridge

Valley
&
Ridge

Piedmont

Fall Line

Coastal Plain



Ridge and Valley

- Climate- **humid continental**- hot summers, cold winters
- Population- **smaller population**
- Industry-known for the **carpet and textile** manufacturing. **Dalton**, GA is called the carpet capital of the world.
- Agricultural product: **apples**
- Geographic features-
 - **forests,**
 - **pastures for cattle,**



Ridge and Valley

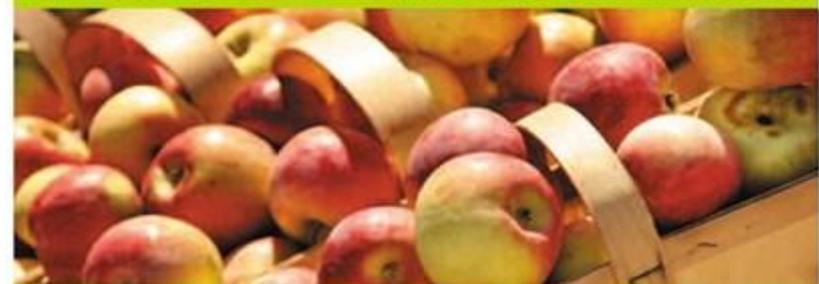
- Tourist Attractions- Apple Festival in Ellijay.



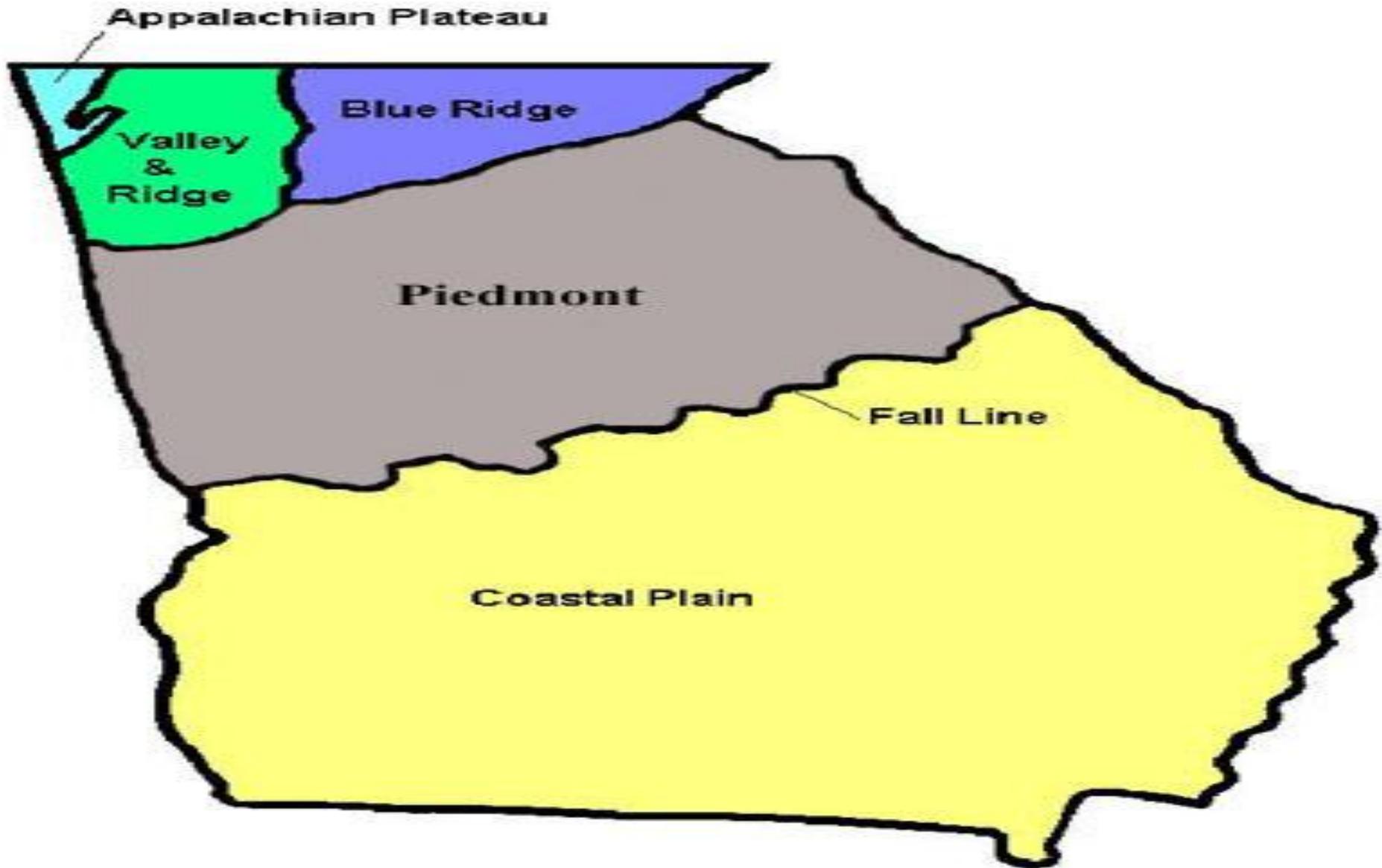
Welcome to the 39th Annual
Georgia Apple Festival



October 9-10 & 16-17 • Ellijay, Georgia



A Special Supplement to the *Times-Courier* - October 7, 2010



Blue Ridge

- Climate – **humid continental** (hot summers and cold winters). Provides water for the entire state through precipitation from trapping warm moist Gulf air
- Population-**small**
- Industry – **Agriculture: apples, corn, and other vegetables**. The growing season varies from 210 days and 180 days depending on where you are in the region.
- Geographic features- **home of the Blue Ridge Mountains, Amicalola Falls, Tallulah Gorge, Dahlonega, and Brasstown Bald,**

Blue Ridge

- Tourist attractions –
 - Brass Town Bald-highest point in Georgia



start of the Appalachian trail



Blue Ridge Images



Brasstown Bald: You can see 3 states from this point. Can you name them?



Amicalola Falls



Ga. Fruits & Vegetables

Helen, Georgia has a strong German influence. Why do you think that is? How does the town of Helen contribute to our state?



Piedmont

- Climate- hot summers/ mild winters- humid subtropical
- Population- Half the state population lives her. YOU LIVE HERE. Biggest population
- Industry- soybeans, wheat, poultry, cattle



Piedmont

- Geographic Features- **Chattahoochee River, Stops at the Fall Line**
- Tourist Attractions- Six Flags, White Water, **Stone Mountain**, Georgia Aquarium, Zoo Atlanta.



is region.

Piedmont Images



Georgia's Flint River starts in Clayton County.



Why do you think most of Georgia's major cities are located in the Piedmont region?



Why do you think most of Georgia's rivers start in the Piedmont region?



Sandy loam and red clay make good soil for agriculture.



Coastal Plains

- Climate - hot summers/ mild winters- humid subtropical
- Population- largest land area, but fewer people
- Industry – Vidalia onions, pecans, paper, pulp, peaches, peanuts
 - MAJOR AGRICULTURAL REGION
- Geographic features- limestone and clay soil. Formed when the ocean receded.
 - LARGEST LAND AREA OF THE 5 REGIONS

Coastal Plains

Tourist attractions –

- Okefenokee Swamp
- Barrier Islands like Jekyll or St. Simon Island.
- Providence Canyon
- The Beaches
- Major towns and cities
 - Albany, Savannah, Macon, Columbus, Augusta, Valdosta



Deepwater Seaports

- Brunswick
- Savannah





The Inner Coastal Plain

- Good supply of underground water
- Major agricultural region: Vidalia Onions, peanuts, pecans, and corn
- Why do you think President Jimmy Carter was known as “The Peanut Farmer from Georgia” during his campaign?



Outer Coastal Plain Images

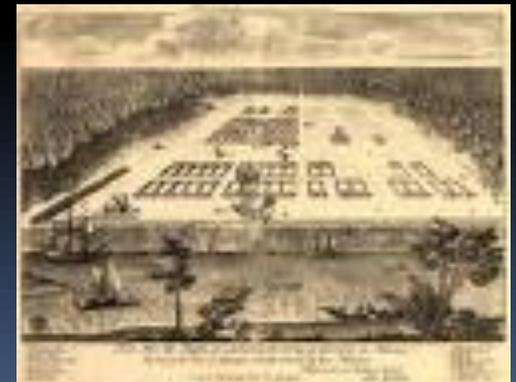


Trees are used to produce pulp and naval stores. The processed goods are then shipped from our shores.

Why do you think a British flag flies over Fort Frederica?



Our shores continue to bring visitors to our state.



Early map of Savannah

Other Important Coastal Plain

Features

- Okefenokee Swamp:

- Covers 681 square miles making it the largest swamp in North America
- Freshwater wetland (wetland: low-lying land area where water lies close to the surface)



Georgia's Barrier Islands

“Islands of Gold”

- Barrier islands protect the mainland from wind, sand, and water that cause erosion.
- Georgia has 18 barrier islands.
- These islands are tourist destinations but 2/3 of the land remains wilderness sanctuaries.

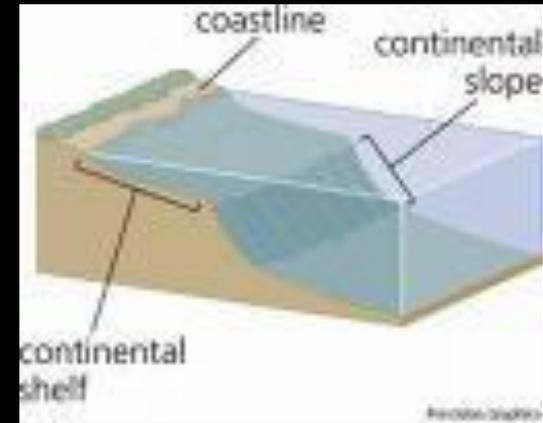


Other Georgia Geographic

Features

Continental Shelf:

- Where the land meets the sea



The Fall Line:

- Where hilly land meets the coastal plain
- Runs from Columbus through Macon to Augusta
- Prevented exploration but provided for settlements

